

# The first law of thermodynamics

The first law of thermodynamics is simply the principle of conservation of energy applied to a thermodynamic system undergoing some change. It has been stated in three different ways. All the statements are equivalent to each other. In the simplest form it is stated as follows :-

"Whenever work flow is completely converted into heat or vice versa, one is proportional to the other. If  $W$  is the work flow to a system and  $Q$  is the heat produced

$$W \propto Q$$

$$\text{or } W = JQ$$

or in another words we can say :-  
In all transformations, the in flow of energy to a system in the form of heat must be equal to the out-flow of energy in the form of work plus the increase in internal energy of the system.

If  $\Delta Q$  is the heat flow to a system  
 $\Delta W$  is the work - done by the system  
and  $\Delta U$  is the increase in internal  
energy of the system and all the  
energies are taken in the same  
unit, namely, either joule, or calorie.  
then

$$\Delta Q = \Delta U + \Delta W \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Our system undergoes an infinitesimal  
change in state only an infinitesimal  
amount of heat  $dQ$  is absorbed and  
only an infinitesimal amount of work  
 $dW$  is done, so that the thermal  
energy change  $dU$  is also infinitesimal,  
we can write it as follows: -

$$dQ = dU + dW \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

This is the differential form of  
the first law of thermodynamics.  
In third form it is stated as  
follows: - Perpetual motion of the  
first kind is impossible.